



2024 年广东省初中学业水平考试

卷7

英 语

(本试卷满分 120 分,考试时间 90 分钟。)

一、听说应用(本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分; A、B、C、D 部分为听力理解,E 部分为情景对话)

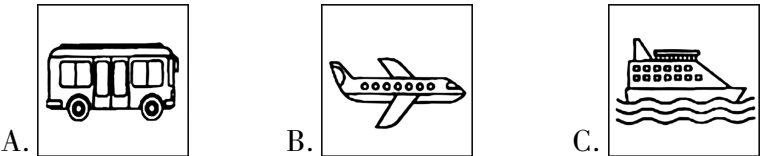
A. 听句子(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

请根据所听内容,选择符合题意的图画回答问题。每个句子听两遍。

1. [2024 广东中考]How was the weather?



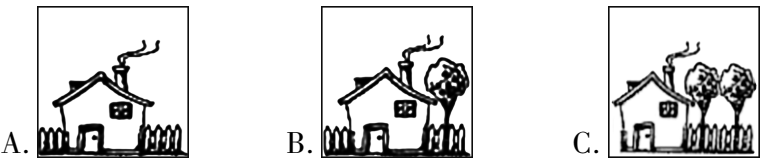
2. [2024 广东中考]How did Lili travel?



3. [2024 广东中考]What does Lili's hometown look like now?



4. [2024 广东中考]Where do Lili's parents live?



5. [2024 广东中考]What did Lili's family do on the first day of Spring Festival?



B. 听对话(本题共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

请根据每段对话的内容回答问题,从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。每段对话听两遍。

听第一段对话,回答第 6 小题。

6. [2024 广东中考]Which season do the speakers like?

- A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Autumn.

听第二段对话,回答第 7 小题。

7. [2024 广东中考]What are the speakers talking about?

- A. A flower show. B. A tennis match. C. A horse race.

听第三段对话,回答第 8 小题。

8. [2024 广东中考]What does Eric like most?

- A. Spring rolls. B. Dumplings. C. Roast duck.

听第四段对话,回答第 9 小题。

9. [2024 广东中考]How does Jenny sound?

- A. Surprised. B. Bored. C. Relaxed.

听第五段对话,回答第 10 小题。

10. [2024 广东中考]What color is Amy's hat?

- A. Yellow. B. Brown. C. White.

[2024 广东中考]听第六段对话,回答第 11~12 小题。

11. Why has the TV stopped working?

- A. The TV is too old.
B. The wind blows hard.
C. There are Northern Lights.

12. What are they going to do next?

- A. Turn off the light.
B. Color the picture.
C. Go out.

[2024 广东中考]听第七段对话,回答第 13~15 小题。

13. What kind of music does the girl like?

- A. Pop music. B. Light music. C. Rock music.

14. How does the girl feel about the AI music?

- A. It's funny. B. It's amazing. C. It's familiar.

15. What does the boy think of AI?

- A. It's less creative than humans.
B. It hasn't got much training.
C. It's smarter than humans.

C. 听短文(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

请根据所听内容,从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。短文听两遍。

[2024 广东中考]

16. How did Mary feel at first?

- A. Tired. B. Lonely. C. Worried.

17. What course did Mary take?

- A. Dancing. B. Singing. C. Painting.

18. How often did Mary practice?

- A. Twice a day. B. Twice a week. C. Twice a month.

19. Who admired Mary?

- A. Her children.
B. Her husband.
C. Her classmates.

20. What has Mary got in the end?

- A. Friendship.
B. Wealth.
C. Beauty.

D. 听填信息(本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

你将听到一则校园大扫除活动的通知。请根据所听内容填写下面的信息卡。短文听两遍。

[2024 广东中考]

A School Clean-up Activity

Time: at 21. _____ p. m. next Monday

Requirements: ◆ to bring large and 22. _____ bags and other tools

◆ to clean the area chosen by the head teacher

◆ to pay special attention to the 23. _____ and the corners

Teachers' task: ◆ to help and 24. _____ the final work

Purposes: ◆ to make the school cleaner

◆ to develop students' practical skills and 25. _____ spirit

E. 情景对话 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

请通读下面对话, 根据对话内容, 从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

[2024 广东中考]

- A. Have fun there!
B. It's my pleasure.
C. Don't worry, Dad.
D. Where are you going?
E. I know I need to protect myself.
F. I'm chatting with my friends online.



Dad: What are you doing on the computer, Ann?

Ann: 26. _____

Dad: Do you know them well?

Ann: 27. _____ They are my friends in real life.

Dad: Good. You know, it can be dangerous to make friends online.

Ann: Sure, Dad. 28. _____

Dad: That's right. And you may advise your friends to be careful, too.

Ann: I will tell them later. In fact, I'll meet them this afternoon.

Dad: 29. _____

Ann: To the city library. We'll work as volunteers there for the Internet Safety Day.

Dad: I'm so proud of you. 30. _____

二、语法选择 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 根据语法和上下文连贯的要求, 从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

[2024 广东中考] When Peter was six, he started receiving pocket money from his mother. When he turned seven, he 31 £7 a week. Now at the age of fifteen, he 32 £15 every week. He has the raise in pocket money because he spends money wisely.

33 a shopping mall near Peter's home. At weekends, he watches 34 movies with his friends, or takes his little brother to the play center there. He buys his grandparents small presents when he visits them. Sometimes, he takes one 35 bus ride to museums and zoos in another town. When he has saved enough money, Peter goes to the bookstores 36 great books and donates them to children in need. His mother is satisfied with 37 he spends his money. She thinks it is a smart choice to give Peter pocket money. "This habit

38 help Peter manage money well," she says.

Peter's mother even suggests giving pocket money to children as 39 as when they are four. "To learn how to deal with money is 40 useful life skill. Giving children pocket money in their early years teaches them the importance of budgeting."

31. A. gets B. got C. will get
32. A. gives B. is given C. is giving
33. A. There is B. It is C. They are
34. A. excite B. excitement C. exciting
35. A. hour B. hours C. hour's
36. A. buy B. to buy C. bought
37. A. how B. which C. whether
38. A. need B. must C. can
39. A. early B. earlier C. earliest
40. A. a B. an C. the

三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

[2024 广东中考] Betty is a biologist. She studies brain diseases that come along with aging. Her 41 is not an easy one. She is trying to understand what goes wrong with the brain over time, and how people can age in a healthy way. It is very important, especially when people are living a 42 life now.

Betty does not have a natural gift (天赋) for math. She never 43 that she could be a scientist one day when she was little. Now, she has got a doctor's degree in biology and become a famous 44 researcher. Betty has made it partly because she is curious about everything. This is a very 45 quality for a scientist. Another 46 is that she is a creative thinker. "After all, science is all about problem-solving," Betty said.

Betty thinks the best part of her research is trying out an idea to see if it will work. Her heart is filled with joy when her idea is proved right and 47 by other scientists. But when things don't go 48 as she plans, she feels no disappointment. She says mistakes may 49 a new idea.

Few are born to be a 50. According to Betty, curiosity and creativity play the biggest role.

41. A. job B. book C. excuse D. exam

42. A. slower B. longer C. quieter D. simpler
43. A. argued B. reported C. thought D. understood
44. A. social B. medical C. educational D. environmental
45. A. poor B. strange C. similar D. important
46. A. reason B. example C. purpose D. decision
47. A. changed B. accepted C. described D. questioned
48. A. safely B. crazily C. blindly D. smoothly
49. A. mix with B. turn down C. lead to D. break down
50. A. dentist B. lawyer C. coach D. scientist

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

请阅读 A、B 两篇短文, 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

[2024 广东中考]

Welcome to Top Discovery Space (TDS)!

This is a good place for you and your kids to have fun through different kinds of hands-on activities, including experiencing 3D-printing, doing chemistry games, growing vegetables and exploring the secrets of space.



All these activities need close parent-child cooperation. It is what we value most. We organize many activities for parents and children to do together. To make sure every visitor enjoys their time at TDS, we have to remind you to follow these rules:

* Parents should stay with their children during the visit. For children's safety, parents must go through the instructions for the activities carefully.

* All visitors are required to wear socks (no shoes allowed) within indoor areas. You may ask our workers at the front desk for a pair.

* Visitors are not supposed to take photos here. Our teachers will catch your unforgettable moments during your visit. Your photos will be sent to you by email if you need them.

* Eating and drinking is only allowed in the picnic area.



Opening time: 9:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m. every day

Price: 50 dollars for one ticket

Please note: One ticket covers one adult and one child. Please buy one more ticket for another adult or child.

51. What can visitors do at TDS?
- A. Watch 3D movies.
B. Take chemistry tests.
C. Learn about space.
D. Make vegetable salads.
52. What does TDS care about most?
- A. Parent-child cooperation.
B. Children's learning experience.
C. Children's health and safety.
D. Teacher-student communication.
53. Who is advised to read the activity directions carefully?
- A. Teachers. B. Children.
C. Workers. D. Parents.
54. How many tickets do you need if you go to TDS with your parents?
- A. One. B. Two.
C. Three. D. Four.
55. What kind of text is this passage?
- A. A story. B. A diary.
C. A notice. D. A report.

B

[2024 广东中考] People know animals do have feelings, but they are not sure if these feelings are correctly understood. In recent years, scientists have done research about the feelings of cows, frogs and pandas. ▲ It says that humans can tell whether a chicken is happy or sad by listening to its calls.

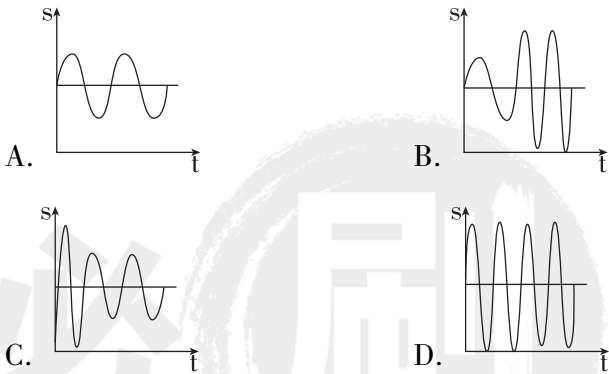
The researchers put a bowl behind a door. Inside the bowl, sometimes, there was something chickens love to eat, such as rice or insects. Sometimes, there was nothing. When the chickens saw food behind the door, they seemed happy and produced fast and loud sounds, known as food calls. When there wasn't food, the chickens made low and long noises to express disappointment. The researchers recorded all these sounds and studied their waves.

Then the researchers chose 16 recordings of such chicken noises.

Half were from the chickens seeing the food and half were from the chickens finding no food. The recordings were played to 194 volunteers. Sixty-nine percent of the volunteers correctly understood whether the chickens were feeling happy or not, and some of them even had no experience of taking care of chickens.

The result shows that humans have the natural ability to understand the feelings of chickens. Hopefully, this finding can bring about new technology to help with chicken-raising, a big industry in many countries. Some scientists are already working on a smart computer program that can identify chickens' feelings. This is good news for farmers who want to make the birds happier and healthier.

56. Which of the following can be put in “▲” in Paragraph 1?
- A. Humans may not like animals.
B. Scientists know nothing about it.
C. Nobody knows why this happens.
D. A new study adds chickens to the list.
57. Which is most probably the sound wave of a happy call by a chicken?



58. How did the volunteers help with the research?
- A. By listening to the chicken calls.
B. By taking care of the chickens.
C. By finding food for the chickens.
D. By making the chickens happy.
59. What does the underlined word “identify” mean in Paragraph 4?
- A. Control. B. Hide.
C. Recognize. D. Hurt.

60. What is the best title for the passage?
- A. Chickens' Food Calls
B. Happy Chickens, Sad Chickens
C. Farmers' Best Choice
D. Smart Farmers, Healthy Farmers

C

配对阅读。左栏是五则新闻,右栏是七位学生的读后感。请为每则新闻匹配对应的读后感。选项中有两项为多余项。

[2024 广东中考]

<p>_____ 61. A British scientist has discovered that, 200 to 300 million years ago, it rained non-stop for two million years on Earth.</p>	A. I wonder who designed this raincoat. It really helps when it rains non-stop.
<p>_____ 62. A fashion designer from Europe collects hair cuttings and changes them into material for clothes. The designer thinks this material helps reduce waste.</p>	B. Unbelievable! In that period, there must have been water everywhere on Earth.
<p>_____ 63. Climate change is harming Earth greatly. People on a Pacific island have to leave their homes because the sea level is rising rapidly.</p>	C. I am planning to fly to the city to have a taste of the famous street food.
<p>_____ 64. Mexico City is facing serious drinking water problems. Many people are forced to buy expensive bottled water for drinking.</p>	D. It sounds scary, to be honest. I don't think this kind of clothes will become fashionable.
<p>_____ 65. The athletes' village of Paris Olympics will have a special cooling system (系统). It will save 40% of the electricity and natural gas.</p>	E. How terrible it is for the people there! Perhaps the place will disappear under water one day.
	F. Who is the smart inventor of this cooling system? He or she must be a cool scientist.
	G. I hope I can do something for the people there so that they will have enough drinking water.

五、短文填空(本大题共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

请从方框内选择适当的词,并根据需要用其正确形式填空,使文章语法正确,完整连贯。注意:每空一词,每词仅用一次,有两词为多余项。

[2024 广东中考]

always among and answer believe
big but city grow seldom they whenever

As summer comes around, outdoor activities are getting more and more popular. One of **66.** _____ is bike riding, or biking. The biking craze (热潮) is now sweeping through China.

Wang Jing is a student from Hangzhou. She **67.** _____ exercised before because she didn't like sports much. But since her hometown hosted the Asian Games in 2023, her interest in sports has **68.** _____ a lot. She has realized the benefits of sports **69.** _____ is now a big fan of biking.

"I feel free and peaceful **70.** _____ I ride," Wang said. "Biking allows me to experience the beauty along the road and the world seems to slow down," she added. Wang is only one of those who are deeply in love with biking. In **71.** _____ like Chengdu and Beijing, thousands of people have started to join in the biking craze.

Will the craze in China last for a long time? The **72.** _____ is "Yes." Thanks to the craze, there have been events like group rides and bike festivals. These create a sense of community **73.** _____ bikers. They share road information, biking experience and sometimes even meals. They are just like a **74.** _____ family. As biking has



become a lifestyle, experts **75.** _____ that this biking craze will continue. They expect a sharp increase in the number of bike riders.

六、读写综合(本大题分为 A、B 两部分,共 25 分)

A. 回答问题(本题共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

请阅读下面短文,根据所提供的信息,回答五个问题。要求所写答案语法正确、信息完整切题。

[2024 广东中考] Reading a good book is a wonderful journey because the reader can live in someone else's world for a while.

Reading together with others, known as buddy (同伴) reading, will make this journey even more fantastic. During the journey, the buddies spend time doing a lot of reading activities. This not only adds to the pleasure of reading, but also deepens their understanding of the books.



Although it is all right to have students join in buddy reading with same-aged schoolmates, schools usually pair up older students with younger ones. In 2021, Green School started such a program and has achieved a great success.

Both younger and older readers in this school have learned a lot from this two-year program. For example, when they listened to each other, they learned to be kind and patient. This experience also provided them with a chance to practice lifelong skills such as exercising leadership or communicating with others. A student called Jason said that reading to a younger buddy was really helpful. He became more confident, as he knew he was a role model for someone.

The school also became a closer community. The reading buddies felt more connected as they often met each other. The students were always excited when they saw their buddies pass by in the hallway.

Now summer vacation is coming. It's a great time to get into books. Why not pair up with a friend, choose a book you both like and read it together?

76. What is buddy reading?

77. How do schools usually pair up buddies?

78. How long did the reading program in Green School last?

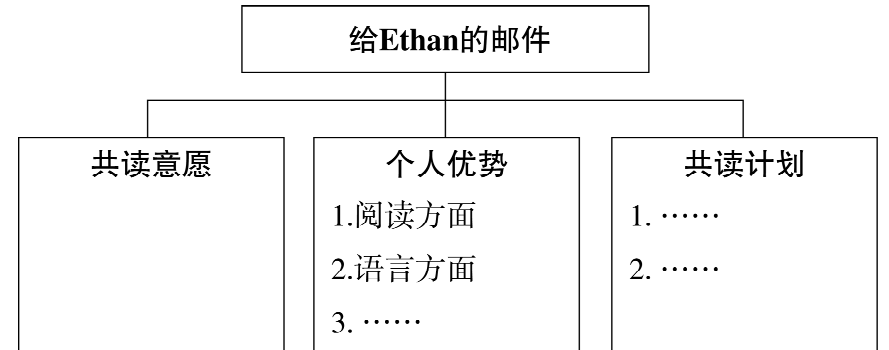
79. Why did Jason think the program was helpful?

80. What benefit did the school get from the program?

B. 书面表达(本题 15 分)

请根据要求完成短文写作。

81. [2024 广东中考] 假设你叫李明,你校交换生 Ethan 在阅读中国古诗词的过程中遇到了困难,他通过学校广播节目寻找共读伙伴。请你根据以下思维导图的提示,用英文写一封邮件,表示愿意成为他的共读伙伴,并提供帮助。



注意:(1)可在思维导图内容提示的基础上适当拓展信息。
(2)不能照抄原文;不得在作文中出现真实校名和考生的真实姓名。
(3)语句连贯,词数 80 左右。作文开头和结尾已经给出,不计入总词数。

Dear Ethan,

I've learned from the school radio program that you have difficulty in reading ancient Chinese poems and need a reading buddy. _____

Looking forward to your reply.

Best wishes,
Li Ming

卷 7 2024 年广东省初中学业水平考试

参考答案

官方暂未公布,公布后可通过扫描二维码查看。

【情景对话·语篇导读】本文是父女二人关于网络安全的一则对话。

26. F 【解析】根据“What are you doing on the computer, Ann?”可知,此处应回答自己正在做什么,选项 F(我正在网上和朋友聊天。)符合语境,故选 F 项。

27. C 【解析】根据“Do you know them well?”和“They are my friends in real life.”可知,安告诉爸爸和自己聊天的是现实中的朋友,让爸爸别担心,选项 C(别担心,爸爸。)符合语境,故选 C 项。

28. E 【解析】根据“You know, it can be dangerous to make friends online.”可知,爸爸告诉安在网上交朋友是很危险的,选项 E(我知道我需要保护自己。)符合语境,故选 E 项。

29. D 【解析】根据“To the city library.”可知,此处询问地点,选项 D(你要去哪里?)符合语境,故选 D 项。

30. A 【解析】根据“To the city library. We'll work as volunteers there for the Internet Safety Day.”和“I'm so proud of you.”可知,爸爸希望安做志愿者能玩得开心,选项 A(祝你在那里玩得开心!)符合语境,故选 A 项。

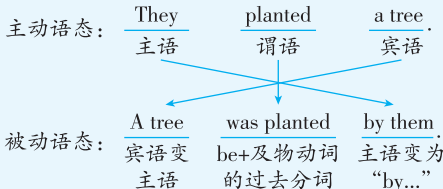
【语法选择·语篇导读】本文主要介绍彼得如何使用零花钱以及彼得妈妈对于零花钱的看法。

31. B 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为:当他 7 岁时,他一周得到 7 英镑。根据 When he turned seven 可知用一般过去时,故选 B 项。

32. B 【解析】考查动词的时态和语态。句意为:现在他 15 岁了,每周被给到 15 英镑。根据“Now at the age of fifteen, he... £15 every week.”可知,主语是动作的承受者,时态是一般现在时,所以用一般现在时的被动语态,故选 B 项。

上分总结

主动语态变被动语态的方法



33. A 【解析】考查 there be 句型。句意为:彼得家附近有一家购物中心。根据句意可知,此处表示某地有某物,应用 there be 句型。故选 A 项。

34. C 【解析】考查形容词。句意为:在周末,他和他的朋友

们一起看激动人心的电影,或者带他的弟弟去那里的娱乐中心。分析句子结构可知,此处作定语,修饰 movies,应用形容词 exciting。故选 C 项。

35. C 【解析】考查名词所有格。句意为:有时,他乘一个小时的公共汽车去另一个城镇的博物馆和动物园。分析句子结构可知,此处作定语,修饰 bus ride,且空前有 one,所以用单数名词的所有格形式,故选 C 项。

36. B 【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意为:当他存了足够的钱,彼得去书店买(一些)好书,并把它们捐给有需要的孩子。分析句子结构可知,此处表示目的,应用动词不定式,故选 B 项。

37. A 【解析】考查宾语从句。句意为:他母亲对他花钱的方式很满意。分析句子结构可知,设空处引导宾语从句,结合句意可知,设空处用来描述方式。故选 A 项。

38. C 【解析】考查情态动词辨析。句意为:这个习惯可以帮助彼得更好地理财……根据句意可知,此处指“可以”。故选 C 项。

39. A 【解析】考查副词的比较等级。句意为:彼得的母亲甚至建议早在孩子四岁时就给他们零花钱。“as... as...”结构中的两个 as 中间用形容词/副词的原级,故选 A 项。

40. A 【解析】考查冠词辨析。句意为:学习如何处理金钱是一项有用的生活技能。此处泛指一项生活技能,故用不定冠词。useful 的发音以辅音音素开头,故选 A 项。

【完形填空·语篇导读】本文主要介绍贝蒂的经历。

41. A 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为:她的工作不容易。根据语境并结合选项可知,此处指“工作”,故选 A 项。

42. B 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为:这是非常重要的,尤其是现在人们活的时间更久了。根据常识可知,现在人们寿命更长。故选 B 项。

43. C 【解析】考查动词辨析。句意为:她小时候从来没有想过有一天她会成为一名科学家。argue 意为“争吵”;report 意为“报道”;think 意为“想”;understand 意为“理解”。根据“Betty does not have a natural gift for math. She never... that she could be a scientist one day when she was little.”可知,她在数学方面没有天赋,所以从没想过自己会成为一名科学家。故选 C 项。

44. B 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为:现在,她已经获得了生物学博士学位,成为一名著名的医学研究者。social 意为“社会的”;medical 意为“医学的”;educational 意为“有教育意义的”;environmental 意为“环境的”。根据

"Now, she has got a doctor's degree in biology and become a famous... researcher." 和前文可知,她研究脑部疾病,所以是一名医学研究者。故选 B 项。

45. D 【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意为:这对科学家来说是非常重要的品质。poor 意为“贫穷的”;strange 意为“奇怪的”;similar 意为“相似的”;important 意为“重要的”。根据语境可知,好奇对科学家来说是非常重要的品质。故选 D 项。

46. A 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为:另一个原因是她是一个有创新思维能力的人。reason 意为“原因”;example 意为“例子”;purpose 意为“目的”;decision 意为“决定”。根据“Betty has made it partly because she is curious about everything.”和“Another... is that she is a creative thinker.”可知,此处介绍另一个原因,故选 A 项。

47. B 【解析】考查动词辨析。句意为:当她的想法被证明是正确的并被其他科学家接受时,她的心里充满了喜悦。change 意为“改变”;accept 意为“接受”;describe 意为“描述”;question 意为“质疑”。根据“Her heart is filled with joy when her idea is proved right and... by other scientists.”并结合选项可知,此处指她的想法被其他科学家接受。故选 B 项。

48. D 【解析】考查副词辨析。句意为:但当事情没有按计划顺利进行时,她不会感到失望。safely 意为“安全地”;crazily 意为“疯狂地”;blindly 意为“盲目地”;smoothly 意为“顺利地”。根据语境可知,此处指事情没有按计划顺利进行。故选 D 项。

49. C 【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意为:她说,错误可能会带来新的想法。mix with 意为“与……混合”;turn down 意为“拒绝”;lead to 意为“导致”;break down 意为“出故障”。根据“She says mistakes may... a new idea.”可知,错误可能会带来新的想法。lead to 符合语境。故选 C 项。

50. D 【解析】考查名词辨析。句意为:很少有人天生就是科学家。根据“Few are born to be a... According to Betty, curiosity and creativity play the biggest role.”和文章内容可知,此处指很少有人天生就是科学家,故选 D 项。

长难句分析

She is trying to understand what goes wrong with the brain over time, and how people can age in a healthy way. 她正试图了解随着时间的推移大脑会出现什么问题,以及人们如何能健康地老去。本句含有两个宾语从句;句中的 age 为动词,意为“变老”。

【阅读 A 篇·语篇导读】本文是一则关于顶级探索空间的通知。

51. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“... including experiencing 3D-printing, doing chemistry games, growing vegetables and

exploring the secrets of space.”可知,这里的活动包括体验 3D 打印、做化学游戏、种植蔬菜和探索太空的秘密,故选 C 项。

52. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“All these activities need close parent-child cooperation. It is what we value most.”可知,亲子合作是最被看重的。故选 A 项。

53. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“For children's safety, parents must go through the instructions for the activities carefully.”可知,家长必须仔细阅读活动说明。故选 D 项。

54. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“One ticket covers one adult and one child. Please buy one more ticket for another adult or child.”可知,如果你和父母一起去,你需要买两张票,故选 B 项。

55. C 【解析】推理判断题。通读全文并结合选项可知,这是一则通知,故选 C 项。

【阅读 B 篇·语篇导读】本文介绍了一个研究,该研究结果表明人类可以通过听鸡的叫声来判断它是高兴还是悲伤。

56. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据“In recent years, scientists have done research about the feelings of cows, frogs and pandas... It says that humans can tell whether a chicken is happy or sad by listening to its calls.”可知,空前提到牛、青蛙和熊猫,空后提到鸡,选项 D (一项新的研究将鸡加入了这个名单。)符合语境,故选 D 项。

57. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据“When the chickens saw food behind the door, they seemed happy and produced fast and loud sounds”可知,当鸡看到门后有食物时,它们似乎很高兴,并发出快速而响亮的声音。选项 D 符合“快速而响亮的声音”这一描述,故选 D 项。

58. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“The recordings were played to 194 volunteers.”可知,这些录音被播放给 194 名志愿者听,所以志愿者们是通过听鸡的叫声为这项研究提供帮助,故选 A 项。

59. C 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“Some scientists are already working on a smart computer program that can identify chickens' feelings.”可知,一些科学家已经在研究一种可以识别鸡的情感的智能计算机程序。故选 C 项。

60. B 【解析】主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文中提到的研究结果表明人类可以通过听鸡的叫声来判断它是高兴还是悲伤,选项 B (快乐的鸡,悲伤的鸡)符合主题,故选 B 项。

上分有法

标题归纳题的解题技巧

阅读并理解
各项含义

寻找文章/段落
主题句(通常
为各段落首/尾
句或在文章的
首/尾段)

概括每段主
旨大意,对
照选项选出
正确答案

【配对阅读·语篇导读】本文分别是五则新闻和七位学生的读后感。

61. B 【解析】根据“... it rained non-stop for two million years on Earth.”可知,此处提到很久以前,连续很长时间都在下雨,与选项 B 中的 period 和 there must have been water everywhere on Earth 相呼应,故选 B 项。

62. D 【解析】A fashion designer 与选项 D 中的 fashionable 相呼应,故选 D 项。

63. E 【解析】“... the sea level is rising rapidly.”与选项 E 中的 the place will disappear under water 相呼应,故选 E 项。

64. G 【解析】根据 drinking water problems 可知,此处提到饮用水问题,故选 G 项。

65. F 【解析】根据 cooling system 可知,此处提到冷却系统,故选 F 项。

【短文填空·语篇导读】本文主要介绍骑自行车越来越受欢迎,这是一项非常好的运动方式。

66. them 【解析】考查代词。句意为:其中之一是骑自行车。根据语境可知,骑自行车是户外运动之一,结合备选词可知选 they。of 后面用 they 的宾格形式 them,故填 them。

67. seldom 【解析】考查副词。句意为:她以前很少锻炼,因为她不太喜欢运动。根据“She... exercised before because she didn't like sports much.”和备选词可知,她不太喜欢运动,所以很少锻炼,seldom 意为“很少”,符合语境,故填 seldom。

68. grown 【解析】考查动词的时态。句意为:但自从她的家乡在 2023 年举办亚运会以来,她对体育的兴趣增长了很多。根据“But since her hometown hosted the Asian Games in 2023, her interest in sports has... a lot.”和备选词可知,应选 grow。根据语境可知,此处是现在完成时,动词用过去分词形式,故填 grown。

69. and 【解析】考查连词。句意为:她已经意识到运动的好处,现在是自行车运动的忠实粉丝。根据“She has realized the benefits of sports... is now a big fan of biking.”和备选词可知,设空处前后内容是并列关系,用 and 连接。

70. whenever 【解析】考查状语从句。句意为:“每当我骑车时,我都感到自由和平静,”王说。分析句子结构可知,设空处引导时间状语从句。结合备选词可知应用 whenever。

71. cities 【解析】考查名词。句意为:在成都和北京等城市,成千上万的人开始加入骑自行车的热潮中。根据“In... like Chengdu and Beijing”和备选词可知应选 city,此处表示复数含义,使用名词复数形式,故填 cities。

72. answer 【解析】考查名词。句意为:答案是“是的。”根据“Will the craze in China last for a long time?”和备选词可知,此处是这个问题的答案,answer 意为“答案”,符合语境,根据 is 可知应使用名词单数形式。故填 answer。

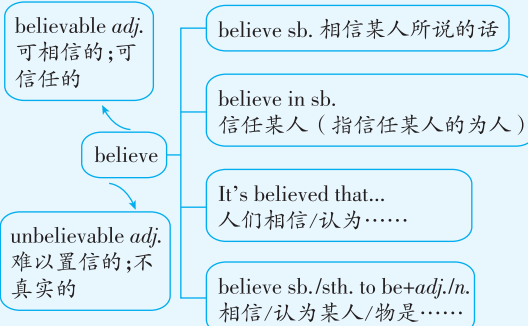
73. among 【解析】考查介词。句意为:这些在骑自行车的

人中创造了一种社区意识。根据“These create a sense of community... bikers.”和备选词可知,此处表示“在很多人之间”。故填 among。

74. big 【解析】考查形容词。句意为:他们就像一个大家庭。根据“They are just like a... family.”和备选词可知,应用 big 修饰 family。故填 big。

75. believe 【解析】考查动词。句意为:随着骑自行车成为一种生活方式,专家们相信这种骑车热潮将会持续下去。根据“As biking has become a lifestyle, experts... that this biking craze will continue.”和备选词可知,此处应选 believe。时态是一般现在时,主语是复数,动词用原形。故填 believe。

上分归纳 believe 的用法



【回答问题·语篇导读】本文主要介绍了同伴阅读和一个关于阅读的项目。

76. Reading together with others./Reading together with others is (known as) buddy reading. 【解析】根据“Reading together with others, known as buddy reading”可知,与他人一起阅读的方式被称为同伴阅读。

77. By pairing up older students with younger ones./Schools/They usually pair up older students with younger ones. 【解析】根据“... schools usually pair up older students with younger ones.”可知,学校通常把年纪较大的学生和年纪较小的学生配对。

长难句分析

Although it is all right to have students join in buddy reading with same-aged schoolmates, schools usually pair up older students with younger ones. 尽管让相同年龄的在校学生加入同伴阅读是可以的,但是学校通常会把年纪较大的学生和年纪较小的学生配对。本句为含有 Although 引导的让步状语从句的复合句。

78. (For) 2 years./It/The program lasted (for) 2 years. 【解析】根据第三段第一句可知,这所学校的阅读项目持续了两年。

79. Because he became more confident (as he knew he was a role model for someone). 【解析】根据“A student called

Jason said that reading to a younger buddy was really helpful. He became more confident, as he knew he was a role model for someone.”可知,因为贾森(知道自己是别人的榜样而)变得更加自信。所以他认为这个项目是有帮助的。

80. The school/It became a closer community. 【解析】根据 “The school also became a closer community.”可知,学校也成为一个更紧密的团体。

81. One possible version:

Dear Ethan,
I've learned from the school radio program that you have difficulty in reading ancient Chinese poems and need a reading buddy. I believe I'm the buddy you want, as I have read many ancient Chinese poems and I have a deep understanding of them. I love ancient Chinese poems, and I am able to explain them in English. Also, I was born with a radio voice, so I can help you read the poems aloud correctly and beautifully.

ancient Chinese poems and I have a deep understanding of them. I love ancient Chinese poems, and I am able to explain them in English. Also, I was born with a radio voice, so I can help you read the poems aloud correctly and beautifully.

If you agree to pair up with me, we could meet every Friday afternoon in the school garden. Perhaps we can finish reading ten poems a month.

Looking forward to your reply.

Best wishes,
Li Ming